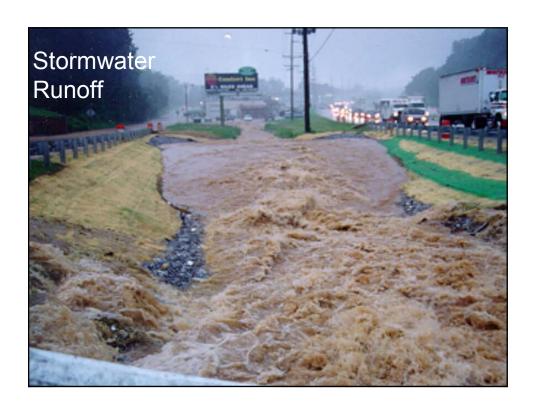
Education, Health and Environmental Affairs Committee

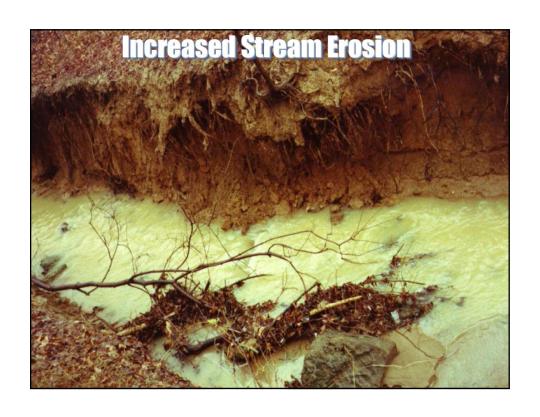
Stormwater Remediation Fees and Local Implementation Briefing

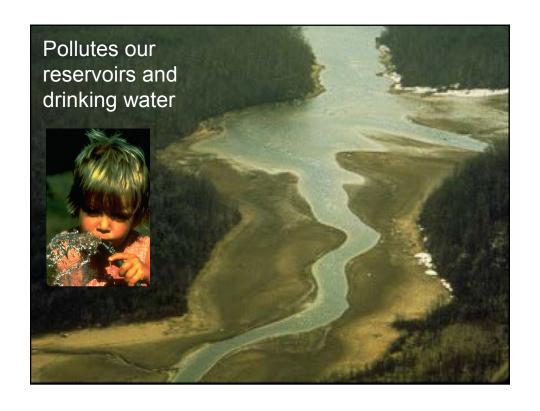
Robert M. Summers, Ph.D.
Secretary
Maryland Department of the Environment
January 14, 2014

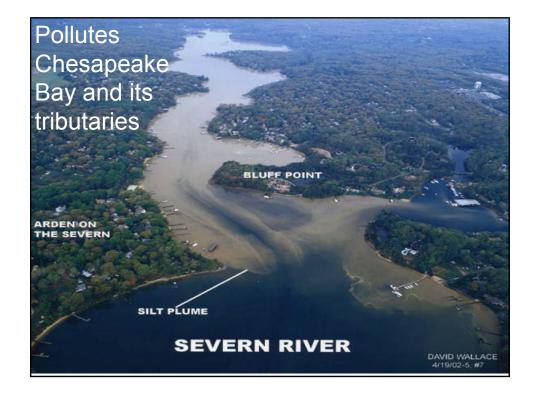
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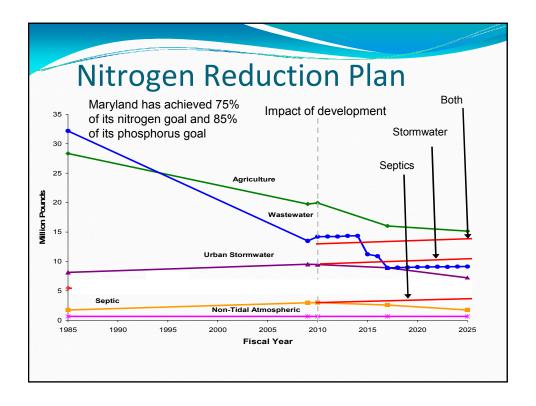












Don't blame the rain

- Clean water is vital to our health, our quality of life and the future of our communities and our families
- Polluted runoff is the largest source of water pollution still on the rise
- Polluted runoff is a local problem with a local solution that produces direct local benefits
- We know how to fix it: by keeping our land clean, preventing erosion, creating green space and buffers to soak up runoff and replacing aging infrastructure
- This law creates a local, dedicated fund to address runoff pollution and provides revenue at a level determined by the jurisdiction.

Chapter 151 – Watershed Protection and **Restoration Program**

- Signed into law in April 2012
- Effective July 1, 2013
- Must be implemented by Maryland jurisdictions that are subject to federal Clean Water Act, Phase I Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) permits

10 Phase I MS4 Jurisdictions impacted by the Law

- Anne Arundel County
 Frederick County
- Baltimore City
- Baltimore County
- Carroll County
- Charles County

- Harford County
- Howard County
- Montgomery County
- Prince George's County

Key Provisions

- July 1, 2013 deadline to adopt ordinances or laws to establish the program
- The program includes both a fee and a dedicated fund
- The fee must be based on level of stormwater service being provided by jurisdiction, i.e. utility basis of charges
- The amount of the fee is not set by the State
- The method of determining the fee is up to the jurisdiction
- Fee structure must include exemptions for financial hardship and reductions based on level of stormwater treatment being provided on-site or off-site

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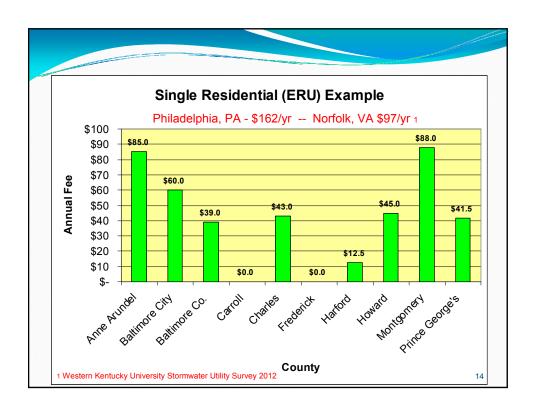
Status

- MDE requested status from each jurisdiction in early August 2013
- All jurisdictions have provided copies of their ordinances
- All jurisdictions adopted ordinances or resolutions to implement HB 987 before July 1, 2013
- Most adopted enabling ordinances and set fees and procedures through administrative action, regulations or executive orders
- Rate structures and exemption procedures have continued to change as jurisdictions make refinements

Current Compliance with Chapter 151

- Eight jurisdictions have implemented programs in compliance with the law: Anne Arundel, Baltimore City and County, Charles, Prince Georges, Harford, Howard and Montgomery
- Carroll County passed a resolution adopting Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund, but did not establish a fee in accordance with the new law. Enforcement action (Notice of violation letter) with Carroll County was sent to the county on October 30, 2013
- Frederick County enacted a flat \$0.01 (1 cent) per property fee
 that is estimated to generate approximately \$427.50 annual
 for County stormwater programs. A letter from MDE to the
 County advising them of the inadequacy of this fee was sent on
 October 30, 2013

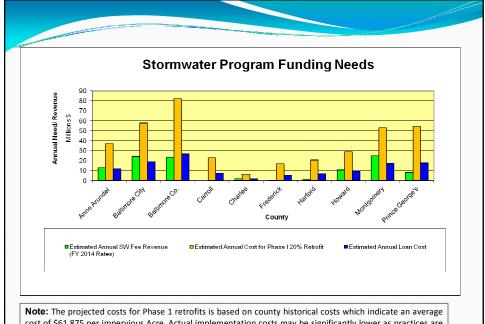
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Fee Reduction Programs

- Anne Arundel County: 50% for property with SW Mgmt meeting State regs.
- Baltimore City: 55% for property with SW Mgmt meeting State regs.,
 public participation credits for homeowners
- Baltimore County: up to a 74% reduction based on County approved BMPs
- Charles County: 50% for property with SW Mgmt meeting State regs.
- Harford County: 100% for property with SW Mgmt meeting State regs.
- Howard County: 20% residential BMP and 50% non-residential for on-site mgmt. Developing Homeowner BMP Program
- Montgomery County: 60% for property with SW Mgmt meeting State regs.
- Prince George's County: Up to 100% reduction for County approved BMP installation. Rain Check Rebate program for offsetting cost of installation of practices

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Note: The projected costs for Phase 1 retrofits is based on county historical costs which indicate an average cost of \$61,875 per impervious Acre. Actual implementation costs may be significantly lower as practices are evaluated by the Chesapeake Bay Program's Urban Stormwater Workgroup and incorporated into Maryland's TMDL guidance documents.

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