Transforming Maryland's Transportation Sector

Background Materials for Mitigation Working Group

June 27, 2018

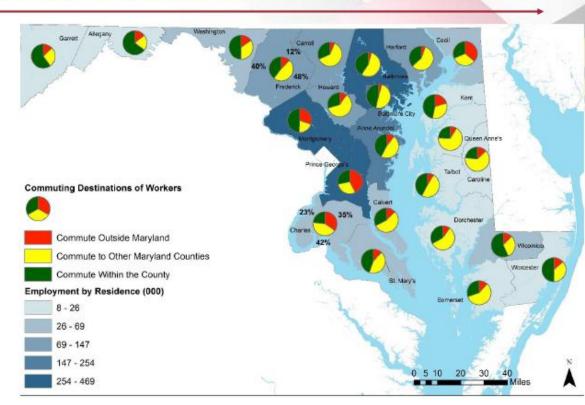
Review Materials

- Georgetown Climate Center and Cambridge Systematics
 Report, Appendix 2, April 2015:
 http://www.georgetownclimate.org/files/report/GCC Appendix2_Emission_Reduction_Strategy-Nov2015_1.pdf
- Sierra Club Presentation to the Working Group October 2017: http://mde.maryland.gov/programs/Air/ClimateChange/MCCC/MWG/MWGTCIPresentation10272017.pdf
- Maryland Department of Transportation Presentation to the Working Group April 2018: http://mde.maryland.gov/programs/Air/ClimateChange/MCCC/MWG/MWGMDOTPresentation04052018.pdf

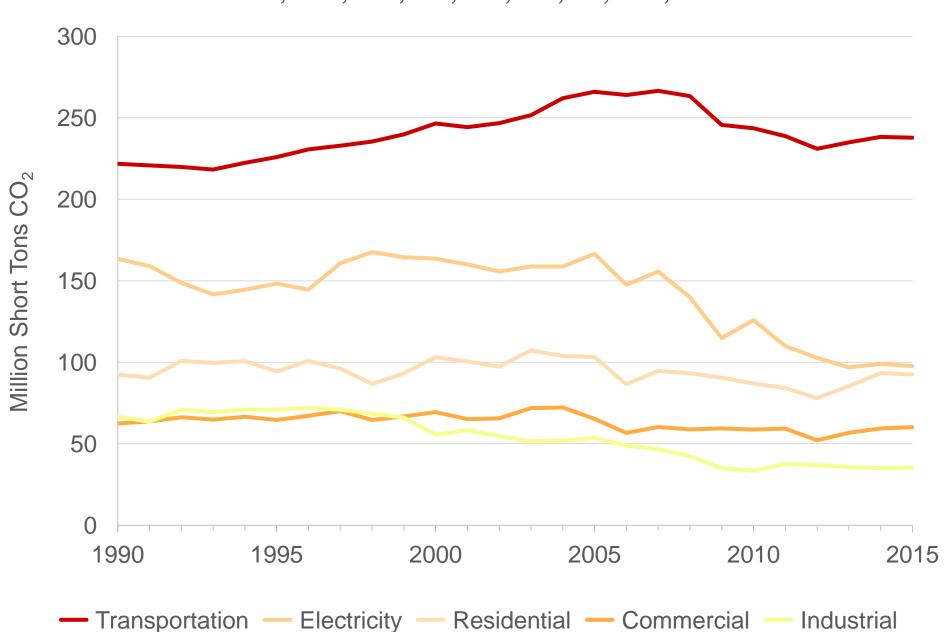
MDOT INITIATIVES – ANALYTICS FOR LOCAL DECISION MAKING

States with Highest Commute Times

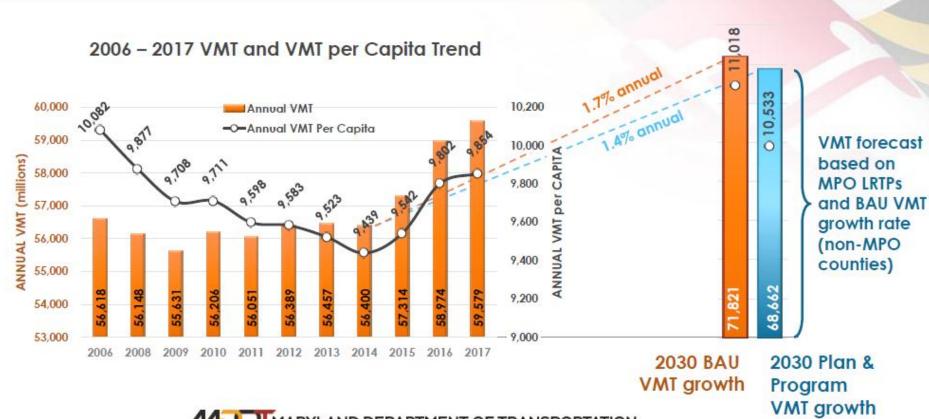
Rank	State	Mean Commute Time (min)			
1	Maryland	32.3			
2	New York	32.3			
3	New Jersey	31			
4	D.C.	29.7			
5	Massachusetts	28.7			
6	Illinois	28.4			
7	California	28			
8	Virginia	27.9			
9	Georgia	27.4			
10	New Hampshire	26.9			



CO₂ Emissions by Sector DC, MD, DE, NJ, NY, CT, RI, MA, VT

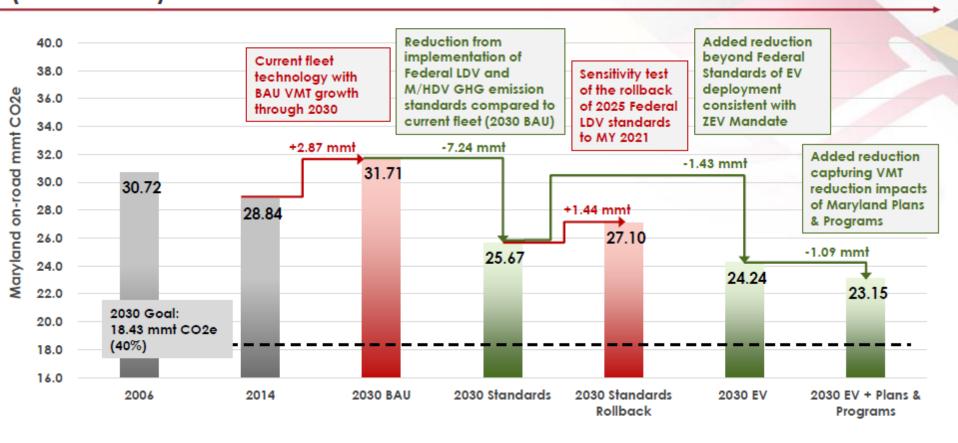


VMT TREND AND FORECASTS



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

2030 ON-ROAD EMISSION SCENARIOS (DRAFT)





It's Not Just About Carbon

Traffic Congestion

Causes frustration and costs time and and money

Aging, Outdated Infrastructure

Maintenance backlogs for roads, bridges, subways, etc.

Lack of Access

Limited mobility options and lack of alternatives, particularly for lower income and rural communities We Have Many Transportation Challenges

Dirty Air

Soot and smog from tailpipes causes asthma, respiratory disease, lost school and work days, and premature deaths

Resilience

Growing infrastructure challenges as climate change causes sea-level rise and makes storms worse

Carbon Pollution

Transportation is the #1 source of the carbon pollution driving climate change

There Are Solutions – But Funding Is an Issue

Better Public Transit



- Buses, subways, trains
- Improved route access, more transit options, and increased reliability
- Reduced congestion on our roads

Smarter Planning



- Reduced travel times and vehicle miles traveled
- Walkable and bikeable communities
- Affordable, transit-oriented housing
- To address pollution hotspots (airports, ports, truck depots, etc.)

Electric Vehicles



- Electric cars, trucks, and buses can cut emissions and cost less to own
- EV infrastructure to meet charging needs
- Purchase rebates, vehicle sharing programs, and electric buses to provide EV access to low-income households

Inequities in our Current Systems

Over 45% of Marylanders live in greater Baltimore. 49% of Maryland's GDP is generated in greater Baltimore. Why is Maryland investing so little in the transportation infrastructure of its main economic engine?

\$0.46B

Baltimore Region

\$0 for Red Line ¹
MTA Operating Budget flat ⁷
\$0.461B for widening I-695, I-95 ³
\$0 for State Center transit-oriented development ⁵

\$11.67B

Washington Region

\$168M for Purple Line, + availability payments ¹

\$167M per year x 3 years = \$500M for WMATA 2

\$9B for widening I-495, MD-295 and I-270 4

\$2B for Amazon HQ2 transportation upgrades 6

http://www.baltimoresun.com/news/opinion/editorial/bs-md-hogan-transportation-20150624-story.html

http://www.bethesdamagazine.com/Bethesda-Beat/2017/Hogan-Offers-500-Million-To-Fix-Metro-But-Only-if-Other-Jurisdictions-Do-the-Same/

http://baltimore.cbslocal.com/2017/12/19/larry-hogan-traffic-plan/

4https://wtop.com/maryland/2017/09/hogan-proposes-9b-plan-add-new-lanes-beltway-270-bw-parkway/

5http://www.baltimoresun.com/news/maryland/baltimore-city/bs-md-bpw-state-center-20161220-story.html

6http://www.baltimoresun.com/news/maryland/politics/bs-md-amazon-package-details-20180122-story.html

 7 https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/e/2PACX-1vQ2at-2fSbtu2mxGSXAD6_qNkdlwUVE2umsHgUquk33nk-WpiLbBWgQE8PCaBrNNhnS4ebznlRnqq_p/pubhtml



Figure 1.1 Comprehensive Policy Bundle Approach

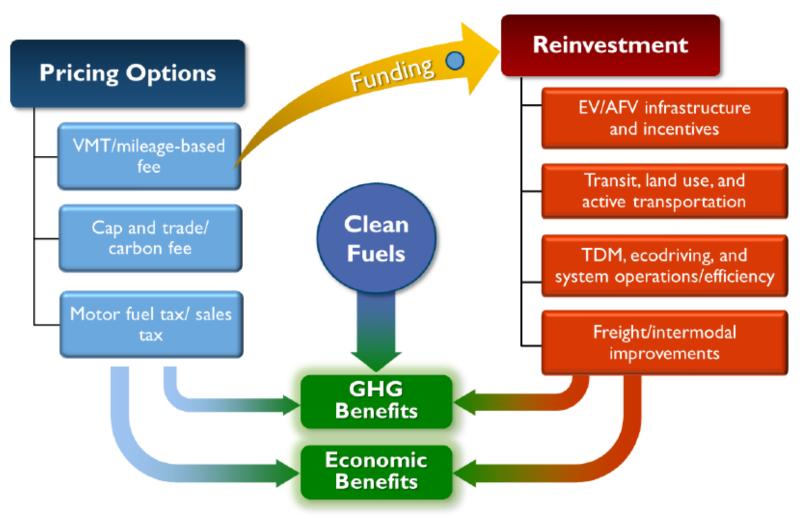


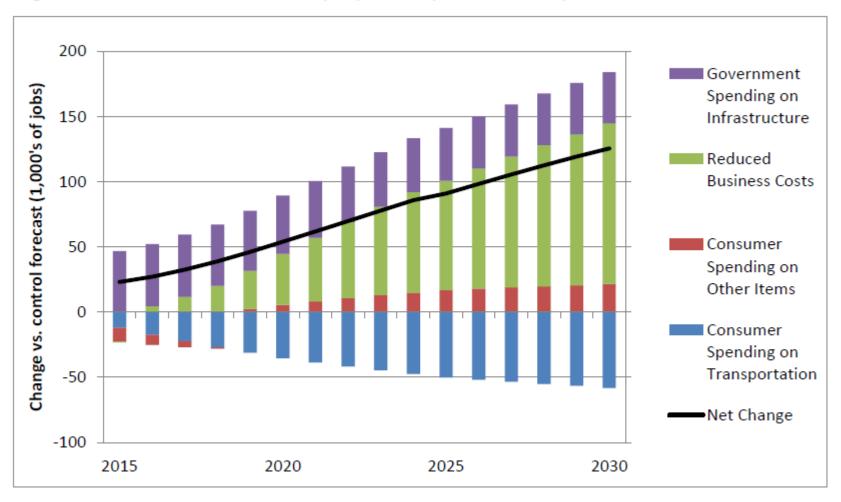
Table 1.1b Pricing Policy Proceeds and Reinvestment Allocation Scenarios

Reinvestn Percen					rage Annual Funding illions of current dollars)		
Strategy	100% GHG Mitigation	50% Mit./ 50% Other	Primary Pricing, 100% Mitigation	Primary Pricing, 50% Mit./ 50% Other	Double Pricing, 100% Mitigation	Double Pricing, 50% Mit./ 50% Other	
GHG mitigation							
EV/alt. fuel infra. and incentives	20.0%	10.0%	\$613	\$311	\$1,227	\$621	
Urban and intercity transit	25.0%	12.5%	\$767	\$388	\$1,533	\$777	
Land use/smart growth	7.5%	3.75%	\$230	\$116	\$460	\$233	
Active transportation	7.5%	3.75%	\$230	\$116	\$460	\$233	
TDM and ecodriving	10.0%	5.0%	\$307	\$155	\$613	\$311	
System operations/efficiency	15.0%	7.5%	\$460	\$233	\$920	\$466	
Freight/intermodal infra./operations	15.0%	7.5%	\$460	\$233	\$920	\$466	

Table 2.1c Summary Results by Strategy (1x Funding, 100% Reinvestment)

	GHG Reduction (mmt)		% Reduction vs. 2011 Baseline ^d	
Strategy	2030	2015-2030	2030	2015-2030
Pricing Options ^a				
VMT fee (0.6 c/mi)	1.60	22.11	0.6%	0.6%
Motor fuel tax (\$0.137/gal)	1.50	22.80	0.6%	0.6%
Carbon price (\$5-30/ton CO₂)	2. 75	25.77	1.1%	0.6%
EV/AFV infrastructure & incentives ^b	2.84	21.12	1.1%	0.5%
Urban and intercity transit	0.20	2.06	0.1%	0.0%
Land use/smart growth	1.69	19.12	0.7%	0.5%
Active transportation	1.32	12.66	0.5%	0.3%
TDM and ecodriving	0.69	13.73	0.3%	0.3%
System operations/efficiency	1.58	16.04	0.6%	0.4%
Freight/intermodal infra/ops	0.94	8.60	0.4%	0.2%
Total, Pricing + Reinvestment	10.77	116.13	4.2%	2.9%
Clean Fuels Standard 10%	7.37	86.71	2.9%	2.2%

Figure 5.7 Net Effects on Employment (Scenario 1a)



By the numbers

- 1,000,000 tons of carbon reduced annually
- 12,000 net new jobs annually in 2030 in MD/DC
- \$13,000,000,000 added to the MD/DC economy through 2030
- Thousands of lives saved in the region
- Hundreds of millions of dollars saved in lower infrastructure costs
- More access to clean mobility opportunities for overburdened and underserved communities

