



July 26, 2012

Mr. Andrew Fan US EPA Region III, 3WC23 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Ms. Barbara Brown Project Coordinator Maryland Department of the Environment 1800 Washington Blvd. Baltimore, Maryland 21230

Re: Consent Decree, Civil Action Nos. JFM-97-558, JFM-97-559 Coke Oven Area Interim Measures Progress Report June 2012

Dear Mr. Fan and Ms. Brown:

Enclosed with this correspondence is the *Coke Oven Area Interim Measures Progress Report June 2012* completed for the RG Steel Sparrows Point Facility in accordance with the requirements outlined in US EPA's September 2, 2010 approval letter for the Coke Oven Area Interim Measures work associated with the referenced Consent Decree. The report summarizes implementation progress for the approved interim measures (IMs) that have been developed to address identified environmental conditions at the Coke Oven Area through June 30, 2012.

Please contact me at (410) 388-6622 should questions arise during your review of the enclosed progress report.

Sincerely

mu baker

Russell Becker Division Manager, Environmental Engineering and Affairs

Enclosure

COKE OVEN AREA INTERIM MEASURES PROGRESS REPORT (JUNE 2012)

Prepared for

RG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC Sparrows Point, Maryland



July 26, 2012



URS Corporation 12420 Milestone Center Drive, Suite 150 Germantown, MD 20876 Project no. 15303198

Introduction

In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (US EPA)'s September 2, 2010 letter, this document is the monthly progress report for June 2012 for the US EPA-approved interim measures (IMs) that have been developed to address identified environmental conditions at the Coke Oven Area (COA) Special Study Area at the RG Steel Sparrows Point Facility (formerly Severstal Sparrows Point Facility) located in Sparrows Point, Maryland. This progress report summarizes IM progress for June 2012.

For mutual ease of understanding, and as agreed during the June 3, 2010 teleconference with US EPA, the following designations are applied in this document to the six (6) IM "Cells" (**Figure 1**) at the COA:

- Cell 1: Prototype Air Sparge/Soil Vapor Extraction (AS/SVE) System in the Former Benzol Processing Area,
- Cell 2: AS/SVE and Dual Phase Groundwater Extraction System in Former Coal Storage Area,
- Cell 3: AS/SVE System in "Cove" Area,
- Cell 4: In-Situ Anaerobic Bio-treatment Area,
- Cell 5: Groundwater Extraction at the Turning Basin Area, and
- Cell 6: Light Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid (LNAPL) Recovery at the Former Benzol Processing Area.

As of June 30, 2012, Cells 1, 3, 4 and 6 continue to be operational. The remaining Cells (Cells 2 and 5) are in various stages of evaluation, design, and under permitting considerations by Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE).

Cell 1: Prototype AS/SVE System in the Former Benzol Processing Area

Cell 1 consists of a prototype IM, which includes AS/SVE coupled with vapor destruction via an electric catalytic oxidation (CATOX) unit. **Figure 2** shows the system layout of Cell 1 and locations of the major design components including the air sparging wells and vapor collection trenches.

June 2012 Operational Performance

Operational performance of Cell 1 during this reporting period is summarized in **Table 1**. In summary, the CATOX unit operated for 679 hours (94.3 %) during this reporting period. Operations were in conformance with the manufacturer's specifications at all times that soil gases were collected in accordance with the May 20, 2011 modified permit-to-construct conditions.

The hydrocarbon removal rate was calculated to be approximately 0.02 pounds per operating hour (estimated monthly total of 11.9 pounds). **Table 1** also includes a cumulative summary of operational performance since system startup on August 3, 2010. In total, Cell 1 has destroyed approximately 9,282 pounds of recovered hydrocarbons. **Figure 3** presents a graph of the cumulative estimated monthly hydrocarbon recovery in Cell 1 since the startup of the IM system.

Soil gas samples were collected for laboratory and/or field instrument (e.g., photoionization detector [PID]) analysis to monitor CATOX unit performance. One (1) untreated soil gas sample was collected in a Tedlar[®] bag and submitted to TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc. in Knoxville, Tennessee (TestAmerica) for analysis by US EPA Method TO-15. The influent soil gas hydrocarbon concentration collected on June 29, 2012 was 10.3 parts per million by volume (ppmv) as summarized in **Table 2**.

Hydrocarbon removal calculations were based entirely on the analytical results and the average daily field-measured influent flow rates. The mass removal calculations assume that the sample collected on June 29, 2012 is representative of hydrocarbon concentrations for the entire month of June. This assumption is based on the fact that the same sparge wells (AS-1 thru AS-8) and extraction wells (V-1 thru V-6) were online when the system was operational.

June 2012 Groundwater Monitoring Results

Groundwater samples were collected on June 28, 2012 from the following wells:

• BP-MW-09 (upgradient of Cell 1),

- CO18-PZM006 (upgradient of Cell 1 at edge of berm), and
- CO02-PZM006 (downgradient of Cell 1).

The groundwater samples were submitted to Microbac Laboratories, Inc. of Baltimore, Maryland (Microbac) for the analyses shown in **Table 3**. These data indicate benzene is the most prevalent volatile organic compound (VOC) constituent.

Figure 4 presents a graph of the total measured VOC concentration in Cell 1 groundwater for each well on a monthly basis since the startup of the IM system. Since system startup in August 2010, a decreasing total VOC concentration trend is documented at well CO18-PZM006 while a generally decreasing trend is observed at wells BP-MW-09 and C002-PZM006. The identified trend for these monitoring wells will continue to be monitored and assessed during system operation in future months.

Cell 3: AS/SVE System in the "Cove" Area

Cell 3 consists of an AS/SVE system coupled with vapor destruction via an electric CATOX unit. **Figure 1** shows the location of the Cell 3 AS/SVE treatment area at the COA. The major design components are described in the Cell 3 final design report (*Coke Oven Area Interim Measures Cell 3 "Cove" Area Air Sparge/Soil Vapor Extraction System Design*), submitted to US EPA on March 1, 2011.

June 2012 Operational Performance

Operational performance of Cell 3 during this reporting period is summarized in **Table 4**. In summary, the CATOX unit operated for 720 hours (100.0 %) during June. Operations were in conformance with the manufacturer's specifications at all times that soil gases were collected in accordance with the May 20, 2011 modified permit-to-construct conditions.

The hydrocarbon removal rate was calculated to be approximately 0.01 pounds per operating hour (estimated monthly total of 9.6 pounds). **Table 4** also includes a cumulative summary of operational performance since system startup on June 24, 2011. In total, Cell 3 has destroyed approximately 575 pounds of recovered hydrocarbons. **Figure 3** presents a graph of the cumulative estimated monthly hydrocarbon recovery in Cell 3 since the startup of the IM system.

Soil gas samples were collected for laboratory and/or field instrument (e.g., PID) analysis to monitor CATOX unit performance. One (1) untreated soil gas sample was collected in a Tedlar[®] bag and submitted to TestAmerica. The influent soil gas hydrocarbon concentration collected on June 29, 2012 was 9.11 ppmv as summarized in **Table 5**.

Hydrocarbon removal calculations were based entirely on the analytical results and the average daily field-measured influent flow rates. The mass removal calculations assume that the sample collected on June 29, 2012 is representative of hydrocarbon concentrations for the entire month of June. This assumption is based on the fact that the same sparge wells (AS-2 thru AS-12) and extraction wells (V-2 thru V-4) were online when the system was operational.

June 2012 Cell 3 Groundwater Monitoring

Groundwater samples were collected on June 28, 2012 from the following wells (Figure 1):

- MW-CELL3-1 (downgradient of Cell 3),
- MW-CELL3-2 (upgradient of Cell 3),

- MW-CELL3-3 (upgradient of Cell 3, and
- CO30-PZM015 (downgradient of Cell 3).

The groundwater samples were submitted to Microbac for the analyses shown in **Table 6**. These data indicate that benzene is the most prevalent VOC constituent.

Figure 5 presents a graph of the total measured VOC concentration in Cell 3 groundwater for each well on a monthly basis relative to the baseline concentrations collected in February 2011. Since system startup on June 24, 2011, a decreasing VOC concentration trend is documented for each of the sampled wells. The trends for these monitoring wells will continue to be monitored and assessed during system operation in future months.

Cell 4: In-Situ Anaerobic Bio-treatment Area

Cell 4 consists of an in-situ anaerobic bio-treatment system including extraction and mixing of groundwater in an above ground storage tank containing a nutrient amendment solution and reinjection of groundwater. A schematic layout of the Cell 4 system is shown on **Figure 6**. The major design components are described in the Cell 4 final design report (*Coke Oven Area Interim Measures Cell 4 In-Situ Anaerobic Bio-Treatment System Design*), submitted to US EPA on March 31, 2011.

June 2012 Operations

No activities occurred at Cell 4 during June 2012. As per the approved design concept, groundwater dosing and circulation will not be continuous, but will periodically be repeated to maintain groundwater nutrient levels. The fifth amendment dosing event occurred from April 24 to 26, 2012. The sixth amendment dosing event and associated groundwater monitoring activities are planned for July 2012.

May 2012 Groundwater Monitoring Results

To monitor the effects of the fifth dosing event, groundwater samples were collected on May 23 and 24, 2012 (approximately one (1) month after the fifth dosing event) from the following wells (**Figure 7**):

• OBS-6	• MW-CELL4-3
• OBS-8	• MW-CELL4-4
• EXT-2	• MW-CELL4-5
• AS-2	• MW-CELL4-6
• MW-CELL4-1	• MW-CELL4-7

The groundwater samples were submitted to Microbac for the analyses shown in **Table 7**. These data indicate naphthalene is the most prevalent VOC constituent.

Figure 8 presents a graph of the total VOC concentrations in Cell 4 groundwater on a monthly basis, as well as before and after the dosing events. With the exception of MW-CELL4-1, a generally decreasing trend is observed at all monitored Cell 4 wells since system dosing was initiated in July 2011. MW-CELL 4-5 has shown decreasing trend recently. Trends for these

monitoring wells will continue to be monitored and assessed during system operation in future months.

Cell 6: LNAPL Extraction at the Former Benzol Processing Area

The Cell 6 LNAPL monitoring and recovery system was monitored once during June 2012 (one [1] site visit). **Table 8** summarizes LNAPL occurrence and recovery observed during the reporting period along with the cumulative LNAPL recovery since the beginning of the project. **Figure 9** illustrates the well locations.

During June, an estimated 127 gallons (931 pounds) of LNAPL were recovered, increasing the total recovered LNAPL to 7,334 gallons (53,734 pounds) as of June 30, 2012. The LNAPL was recovered from the following wells:

	LNAPL F		
Well	During June 2012	Total thru June 30, 2012	Notes
BP-MW-05	95.0 / 696	5,966 / 43,714	(c)
RW-04	9.8 / 72	974 / 7,136	(c)
BP-MW-08	22.3 / 163	380 / 2,782	(c)
BP-MW-11	0 / 0	7.8 / 57	(a)
RW-03	0 / 0	4.0 / 29	(b)
RW-01	0 / 0	1.3 / 10	(b)
RW-02	0 / 0	0.8 / 5.9	(b)

(a) Recovery system moved from BP-MW-11 to BP-MW-08 on September 8, 2010.

(b) Manual bailing.

(c) Cumulative totals included estimated recovery from 12/28/11 to 1/18/12 as well as 5/24/12 to 6/22/12.

The wells are presented in **Table 8** generally in the order of decreasing LNAPL occurrence/recovery. LNAPL thicknesses during the reporting period are summarized below (wells are not listed if LNAPL was not present):

- RW-04 (0.02 ft),
- BP-MW-05 (0.83 ft),
- BP-MW-08 (0.35 ft),
- BP-MW-11 (0.53 ft),
- BP-MW-10 (0.18 ft),
- RW-02 (0.10 ft),

- RW-03 (0.44 ft)
- RW-01 (0.21 ft),
- BP-MW-07 (0.01 ft), and
- BP-MW-06 (0.02 ft).

No LNAPL was observed in wells RW-05, BP-MW-09, or CO19-PZM004.

For all wells in which LNAPL accumulated, **Table 9** provides well-specific details concerning the measured depths to LNAPL, the water table, and calculated LNAPL thicknesses.

Table 1Summary of Operating ConditionsCell 1: Prototype AS/SVE System in Former Benzol Processing AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC

Cell 1 June 2012 Estimated Hydrocarbon Recovery

Parameter	Units	Quantity
Total CATOX Operating Time (June 1 - June 30, 2012)	hours	679
Overall CATOX Operational Time	%	94.3
Estimated Total Hydrocarbons Destroyed	pounds	11.91
Estimated Hydrocarbon Removal Rate	pounds/hour	0.02

Cell 1 Cumulative Summary of Estimated Hydrocarbon Recovery

Parameter	Units	Quantity
Total ICE/CATOX Operating Time (August 3, 2010 - June 30, 2012)	hours	12,948
Overall ICE/CATOX Operational Time	%	77.4
Estimated Total Hydrocarbons Destroyed	pounds	9,282
Estimated Average Hydrocarbon Removal Rate	pounds/hour	0.72

Table 2

Summary of Soil Gas Analytical Results (June 2012) Cell 1: Prototype AS/SVE System in Former Benzol Processing Area Former Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial Measures RG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC

	Sample ID	CATOX Influent
	Date	6/29/2012
	Time	12:15
	Dilution Factor	265.52
Analyte	Units	
TO-15 Volatile Organics		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ppb	< 53 U
Acetone	ppb	< 1,300 U
Ethylbenzene	ppb	< 53 U
2-Hexanone	ppb	< 130 U
Methylene Chloride	ppb	< 130 U
Benzene	ppb	7,200
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ppb	< 53 U
Tetrachloroethene	ppb	< 53 U
Toluene	ppb	2,000
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ppb	< 53 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ppb	< 53 U
Trichloroethene	ppb	< 53 U
Vinyl Chloride	ppb	< 53 U
o-Xylene	ppb	410
m-Xylene & p-Xylene	ppb	730
2-Butanone (MEK)	ppb	< 270 U
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ppb	< 130 U
Bromoform	ppb	< 53 U
Carbon Disulfide	ppb	< 130 U
Carbon tetrachloride	ppb	< 53 U
Chlorobenzene	ppb	<53 U
Chloroethane	ppb	< 53 U
Chloroform	ppb	< 53 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	ppb	< 53 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	ppb	< 53 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	ppb	< 53 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ppb	< 53 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	ppb	< 53 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ppb	< 53 U
Total Volatile Organics	ppb	10,340

Notes:

BOLD = Analyte detected

ppb = parts per billion

</U = Analyte not detected above corresponding laboratory reporting limit

Table 3Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results (June 2012)Cell 1: Prototype AS/SVE System in Former Benzol Processing AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ZM006 BP-MW-09
Analyte Units Water Quality Parameters Temperature deg C 26.12 32.66 pH std units 9.15 6.78 ORP mV -192.3 12.66 Conductivity mS/cm 1.31 2.785 Turbidity NTU 69.1 1655 Dissolved Oxygen mg/L 0.22 1.72 Volatile Organics Vinyl Chloride \mug/L <5,000 U	012 6/28/2012
Water Quality Parameters Temperature deg C 26.12 32.64 pH std units 9.15 6.78 ORP mV -192.3 12.66 Conductivity mS/cm 1.31 2.78:5 Turbidity NTU 69.1 165 Dissolved Oxygen mg/L 0.22 1.72 Volatile Organics Vinyl Chloride \mug/L < 5,000 U	5 10:22
Temperature deg C 26.12 32.64 pH std units 9.15 6.78 ORP mV -192.3 12.61 Conductivity mS/cm 1.31 2.783 Turbidity NTU 69.1 165 Dissolved Oxygen mg/L 0.22 1.72 Volatile Organics V 4162 Vinyl Chloride $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000$ U $< 5,000$ U Chloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000$ U $< 5,000$ U Acetone $\mu g/L$ $< 25,000$ U $< 25,000$ U Acetone $\mu g/L$ $< 25,000$ U $< 25,000$ U Acetone $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000$ U $< 25,000$ U Acetone $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000$ U $< 25,000$ U Chloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000$ U $< 25,000$ U Carbon Disulfide $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000$ U $< 5,000$ U 1,1-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000$ U $< 5,000$ U 2-Butanone (ME	
pH std units 9.15 6.78 ORP mV -192.3 12.64 Conductivity mS/cm 1.31 2.78 Turbidity NTU 69.1 165 Dissolved Oxygen mg/L 0.22 1.72 Volatile Organics V Vinyl Chloride $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	
ORP mV -192.3 12.60 Conductivity mS/cm 1.31 2.782 Turbidity NTU 69.1 165 Dissolved Oxygen mg/L 0.22 1.72 Volatile Organics Vinyl Chloride $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	68 20.55
Conductivity mS/cm 1.31 2.783 Turbidity NTU 69.1 165 Dissolved Oxygen mg/L 0.22 1.72 Volatile Organics 5,000 U < 5,000 U	
Turbidity NTU 69.1 165 Dissolved Oxygen mg/L 0.22 1.72 Volatile Organics yg/L < 5,000 U < 5,000 U Vinyl Chloride $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	
Dissolved Oxygen mg/L 0.22 1.72 Volatile Organics Vinyl Chloride $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ Chloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,1-Dichloroethene $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ Acetone $\mu g/L$ $< 120,000 \text{ U}$ $< 120,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ Carbon Disulfide $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ Methylene Chloride $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,1-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 2-Butanone (MEK) $\mu g/L$ $< 2,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,1-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,2-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,2-Dichloropropane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ <t< td=""><td>1.861</td></t<>	1.861
Volatile Organics Vinyl Chloride $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	
Vinyl Chloride $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ Chloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,1-Dichloroethene $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 25,000 \text{ U}$ Acetone $\mu g/L$ $< 120,000 \text{ U}$ $< 120,000 \text{ U}$ Carbon Disulfide $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 25,000 \text{ U}$ Methylene Chloride $\mu g/L$ $< 25,000 \text{ U}$ $< 25,000 \text{ U}$ trans-1,2-Dichloroethene $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,1-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 2-Butanone (MEK) $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ Chloroform $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,1,1-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ Carbon Tetrachloride $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,2-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,2-Dichloropropane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,2-Dichloropropane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,2-Dichloropropene $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,2-Dichloropropene $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,2-Dichloropropene $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 1,1,2-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 2-Hexanone (MBK) $\mu g/L$ $< 25,000 \text{ U}$ $< 5,000 \text{ U}$ 2-Hexanone (MBK) $\mu g/L$ <td>2 0.26</td>	2 0.26
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
1,1-Dichloroethene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UAcetone $\mu g/L$ < 120,000 U	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Acetone $\mu g/L$ < 120,000 U< 120,000 UCarbon Disulfide $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
Carbon Disulfide $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UMethylene Chloride $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Methylene Chloride $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U< 25,000 Utrans-1,2-Dichloroethene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 120,000 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,1-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1,1-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U2-Butanone (MEK) $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U	J < 25,000 U
2-Butanone (MEK) $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U< 25,000 UChloroform $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
Chloroform $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,1,1-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UCarbon Tetrachloride $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UBenzene $\mu g/L$ 560,000100,0001,2-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UTrichloroethene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,2-Dichloropropane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UMethyl Isobutyl Ketone (MIBK) $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U< 25,000 UCis-1,3-Dichloropropane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UToluene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,1,2-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U2-Hexanone (MBK) $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U< 5,000 U2-Hexanone (MBK) $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U< 5,000 U2-Hexanone (MBK) $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UEthylbenzene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UEthylbenzene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U	J < 25,000 U
Carbon Tetrachloride $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UBenzene $\mu g/L$ 560,000100,0001,2-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
Benzene $\mu g/L$ 560,000100,0001,2-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
1,2-Dichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UTrichloroethene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
Trichloroethene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,2-Dichloropropane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	230,000
1,2-Dichloropropane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UMethyl Isobutyl Ketone (MIBK) $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U	J < 5,000 U
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (MIBK) μ g/L< 25,000 U< 25,000 Ucis-1,3-Dichloropropene μ g/L< 5,000 U	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 UToluene $\mu g/L$ 11,00011,000trans-1,3-Dichloropropene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,1,2-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
Toluene $\mu g/L$ 11,00011,000trans-1,3-Dichloropropene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 25,000 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U1,1,2-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U< 5,000 U2-Hexanone (MBK) $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U	52,000
2-Hexanone (MBK) $\mu g/L$ < 25,000 U< 25,000 UTetrachloroethene $\mu g/L$ < 5,000 U	-
$\begin{array}{l lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	J < 5,000 U
Chlorobenzene μg/L < 5,000 U < 5,000 U 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane μg/L < 5,000 U	J < 25,000 U
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethaneμg/L< 5,000 U< 5,000 UEthylbenzeneμg/L< 5,000 U	
Ethylbenzene μg/L < 5,000 U < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
	J < 5,000 U
Bromoform $ug/l < 5.000 U$	J < 5,000 U
	J < 5,000 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane µg/L < 5,000 U < 5,000 U	J < 5,000 U
Total Xylenes µg/L < 15,000 U < 15,000 U	J 34,000
Total Volatile Organics µg/L 571,000 111,00	000 316,000

Notes:

-- = Not Measured

Bold = Analyte Detected

deg C = degrees Celcius

mg/L =Milligram per liter

mS/cm = Microsiements per Centimeter

mV = Millivolts

NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units

ORP = Oxidation Reduction Potential

std units = standard units

</U = Analyte not detected above corresponding laboratory reporting limit

µg/L = Micrograms per liter

Table 4Summary of Operating ConditionsCell 3: AS/SVE System in the "Cove" AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC

Cell 3 June 2012 Estimated Hydrocarbon Recovery

Parameter	Units	Quantity
Total CATOX Operating Time (June 1 - June 30, 2012)	hours	720
Overall CATOX Operational Time	%	100.0
Estimated Total Hydrocarbons Destroyed	pounds	9.57
Estimated Hydrocarbon Removal Rate	pounds/hour	0.01

Cell 3 Cumulative Summary of Estimated Hydrocarbon Recovery

Parameter	Units	Quantity
Total CATOX Operating Time (June 24, 2011 - June 30, 2012)	hours	7,564
Overall CATOX Operational Time	%	79.6
Estimated Total Hydrocarbons Destroyed	pounds	575.0
Estimated Hydrocarbon Removal Rate	pounds/hour	0.08

Table 5Summary of Soil Gas Analytical Results (June 2012)Cell 3: AS/SVE System in the "Cove" AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC

	Sample ID CATOX Influent								
	Date								
		12:00							
	Time ution Factor	1034.32							
		1004.02							
Analyte	Units								
TO-15 Volatile Organics	la a la	040.11							
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ppb	< 210 U							
	ppb	< 5,200 U							
Ethylbenzene	ppb	< 210 U							
2-Hexanone	ppb	< 520 U							
Methylene Chloride	ppb	< 520 U							
Benzene	ppb	8,400							
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ppb	< 210 U							
Tetrachloroethene	ppb	< 210 U							
Toluene	ppb	710							
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ppb	< 210 U							
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ppb	< 210 U							
Trichloroethene	ppb	< 210 U							
Vinyl Chloride	ppb	< 210 U							
o-Xylene	ppb	<210 U							
m-Xylene & p-Xylene	ppb	< 210 U							
2-Butanone (MEK)	ppb	< 1,000 U							
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ppb	< 520 U							
Bromoform	ppb	< 210 U							
Carbon Disulfide	ppb	< 520 U							
Carbon tetrachloride	ppb	< 210 U							
Chlorobenzene	ppb	< 210 U							
Chloroethane	ppb	< 210 U							
Chloroform	ppb	< 210 U							
1,1-Dichloroethane	ppb	< 210 U							
1,2-Dichloroethane	ppb	< 210 U							
1,1-Dichloroethene	ppb	< 210 U							
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ppb	< 210 U							
1,2-Dichloropropane	ppb	< 210 U							
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ppb	< 210 U							
Total Volatile Organics	ppb	9,110							

Notes:

BOLD = Analyte detected

ppb = parts per billion

</U = Analyte not detected above corresponding laboratory reporting limit

Table 6Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results (June 2012)Cell 3: AS/SVE System in the "Cove" AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC

	Sample ID	CO30-PZM015	MW-CELL 3-1	MW-CELL 3-2	MW-CELL 3-3
	Date	6/28/2012	6/28/2012	6/28/2012	6/28/2012
	Time	12:37	11:11	11:54	13:26
Analyte	Units				
Water Quality Parameters					
Temperature	deg C	21.09	20.2	21.33	22.97
рН	std units	11.85	11.83	11.78	12.52
ORP	mV	-150.2	-180.1	-127.1	-92.1
Conductivity	mS/cm	2.679	3.072	2.181	4.475
Turbidity	NTU	7.3	5.91	3.42	10
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.35	0.3	0.3	0.46
Volatile Organics					
Vinyl Chloride	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Chloroethane	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Acetone	µg/L	< 25,000 U	< 1,200 U	< 12,000 U	< 12,000 U
Carbon Disulfide	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Methylene Chloride	µg/L	< 5,000 U	< 250 U	< 2,500 U	< 2,500 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/L < 1,000 U < 50 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	
2-Butanone (MEK)	µg/L	< 5,000 U	< 250 U	< 2,500 U	< 2,500 U
Chloroform	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Benzene	µg/L	48,000	1,800	9,000	9,000
1,2-Dichloroethane	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Trichloroethene	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (MIBK)	µg/L	< 5,000 U	< 250 U	< 2,500 U	< 2,500 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Toluene	µg/L	3,700	150	540	720
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
2-Hexanone (MBK)	µg/L	< 5,000 U	< 250 U	< 2,500 U	< 2,500 U
Tetrachloroethene	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Chlorobenzene	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Bromoform	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	µg/L	< 1,000 U	< 50 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Xylenes, Total	µg/L	< 3,000 U	< 150 U	< 1,500 U	< 1,500 U
Total Volatile Organics	µg/L	51,700	1,950	9,540	9,720

Notes:

-- = Not Measured

Bold = Analyte Detected

deg C = degrees Celcius

mg/L =Milligram per liter

mS/cm = Microsiements per Centimeter

mV = Millivolts

NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units

ORP = Oxidation Reduction Potential

std units = standard units

 $<\!\!/U$ = Analyte not detected above corresponding laboratory reporting limit

 μ g/L = Micrograms per liter

Table 7Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results (May 2012)Cell 4: In-Situ Anaerobic Bio-Treatment AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC

	Sample ID	OBS-6	OBS-8	EXT-2	AS-2	Cell 4-1	Cell 4-3	Cell 4-4	Cell 4-5	Cell 4-6	Cell 4-7
	Date	05/24/12	05/23/12	05/24/12	05/24/12	05/23/12	05/23/12	05/23/12	05/23/12	05/23/12	05/23/12
	Time		12:13	9:05	10:05	11:10	14:55	9:44	13:59	13:12	10:25
	Units										
Water Quality Parameters						-	_		-		
Temperature	deg C	15.57	17.7	16.65	16.79	17.72	16.78	17.75	16.72	17.29	17.45
рН	std units	11.68	11.53	8.96	11.04	9.39	9.52	11.25	11.54	11.82	12.02
ORP	mV	-146.3	-158	-60	-131.9	80.4	-140	-118.2	-187.1	-132.9	-108
Conductivity	mS/cm	2.55	1.93	1.930	3.57	1.74	1.69	1.70	2.25	2.91	3.83
Turbidity	NTU	1.09	1.25	6.41	0.89	8.9	19.9	5.81	0.71	1.01	1.18
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.19	0.28	0.15	0.90	0.39	0.13	0.27	0.18	0.05	0.27
Volatile Organics											
Vinyl Chloride	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Chloroethane	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Acetone	µg/L	< 2,500 U	< 1,200 U	< 2,500 U	< 12,000 U	< 2,500 U					
Carbon Disulfide	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Methylene Chloride	µg/L	< 500 U	< 250 U	< 500 U	< 2,500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
2-Butanone (MEK)	µg/L	< 500 U	< 250 U	< 500 U	< 2,500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Chloroform	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Benzene	µg/L	760	720	620	4,700	1,700	580	730	1,200	620	1,100
1,2-Dichloroethane	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Trichloroethene	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (MIBK)	µg/L	< 500 U	< 250 U	< 500 U	< 2,500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Toluene	µg/L	540	460	420	3,600	1,300	430	450	990	420	730
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
2-Hexanone (MBK)	µg/L	< 500 U	< 250 U	< 500 U	< 2,500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U	< 500 U
Tetrachloroethene	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Chlorobenzene	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Bromoform	µg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/L	< 100 U	< 50 U	< 100 U	< 500 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U	< 100 U
Xylenes, Total	μg/L	610	570	530	1,900	1,100	530	590	840	540	1,300
Semi-Volatiles											
Naphthalene	µg/L	7,900	3,700	4,600	18,000	8,700	4,800	4,500	9,100	5,100	210
Total Volatile Organics	μg/L	9,810	5,450	6,170	28,200	12,800	6,340	6,270	12,130	6,680	3,340

Table 7Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results (May 2012)Cell 4: In-Situ Anaerobic Bio-Treatment AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC

	Sample ID	OBS-6	OBS-8	EXT-2	AS-2	Cell 4-1	Cell 4-3	Cell 4-4	Cell 4-5	Cell 4-6	Cell 4-7
	Date	05/24/12	05/23/12	05/24/12	05/24/12	05/23/12	05/23/12	05/23/12	05/23/12	05/23/12	05/23/12
	Time	8:05	12:13	9:05	10:05	11:10	14:55	9:44	13:59	13:12	10:25
Net Chemistry											
Ferric Iron	mg/L	0.23	0.28	0.40	0.31	0.74	0.81	0.29	0.31	0.21	0.33
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	< 0.10 U	0.11	0.11	0.13	< 0.10 U	< 0.10 U	0.13	0.19	< 0.10 U	< 0.10 U
Nitrite-N	mg/L	0.45	0.065	0.025	0.10	0.018	0.034	0.074	0.11	0.042	0.26
Nitrate-N	mg/L	< 0.050 U									
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	mg/L	< 0.050 U									
Orthophosphate as P	mg/L	< 0.020 U	0.026	0.44	0.032	0.77	1.0	0.032	0.017	0.015	< 0.010 U
Sulfate as SO4	mg/L	180	350	550	1,300	550	530	330	510	350	330
Fotal Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	22	36	53	280	75	56	23	41	46	51
Vietals							•	•		-	
ron, Total	mg/L	0.23	0.38	0.51	0.44	0.74	0.81	0.41	0.51	0.21	0.33

Notes:

[1] Temperature meter not functioning properly. Could not Read.

-- = Not Measured

Bold = Analyte Detected

deg C = degrees Celcius

mg/L =Milligram per liter

mS/cm = Microsiements per Centimeter

mV = Millivolts

NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units

ORP = Oxidation Reduction Potential std units = standard units

</U = Analyte not detected above corresponding

laboratory reporting limit

µg/L = Micrograms per liter

Table 8LNAPL Occurrence and RecoveryCell 6: LNAPL Recovery System in Former Benzol Processing AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel-Sparrows Point, LLC

Well	LNAPL Occurrence During June 2012 (ft)			Total LNAPL R	Recove	Total LNAPL red thru 2012 (d)	Estimated LNAPL Recovered During June 2012		
				Begin	End	(gal)	(lbs) (a)	(gal)	(lbs) (a)
RW-04	0.02	to	0.02	23-Jul-10	On-going (b)	974	7,136	9.8	72
BP-MW-05	0.83	to	0.83	28-Jan-10	On-going (b)	5,966	43,714	95.0	696
BP-MW-08	0.35	to	0.35	8-Sep-10	On-going (b)	380	2,782	22.3	163
BP-MW-11	0.53	to	0.53	23-Jul-10	8-Sep-10	7.8	57	0	0
RW-02	0.10	to	0.10	1/28/2011	On-going (c)	0.8	5.9	0	0
RW-03	0.44	to	0.44	11/24/2010	On-going (c)	4.0	29	0	0
RW-01	0.21	to	0.21	28-Oct-10	On-going (c)	1.3	10	0	0
BP-MW-10	0.18	to	0.18	na	na 0		0	0	0
BP-MW-07	0.01	to	0.01	na	na O		0	0	0
BP-MW-06	0.02	to	0.02	na	na	0	0	0	0
RW-05	none			na	na	0	0	0	0
BP-MW-09	none			na	na	0	0	0	0
CO19-PZM004	none			na	na	0	0	0	0
Total Recovery:							53,734	127	931

Notes:

(a) Weight is calculated based on average BP-MW-05 and BP-MW-08 oil density of 0.878 grams per cubic centimeter, measured by EA (2009) by ASTM method D1481.

(b) Skimmer

(c) Bailing

(d) Cumulative recovery volumes are calculated using an estimated recovery from 12/28/11 to 1/18/12 as well as 5/24/12 to 6/22/12.

Table 9Depths (feet) to Water and LNAPLCell 6: LNAPL Recovery System in Former Benzol Processing AreaFormer Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial MeasuresRG Steel-Sparrows Point, LLC

		RW-01		RW-02			RW-03			
Date	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	
	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	
6/30/2012	12.01	12.22	0.21	12.26	12.36	0.10	10.01	10.45	0.44	
		RW-04		BP-MW-05			BP-MW-07			
Date	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	
	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	
6/30/2012	10.5	10.52	0.02	11.8	12.63	0.83	11.64	11.65	0.01	
		BP-MW-08		BP-MW-10			BP-MW-11			
Date	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	
	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	
6/30/2012	12.86	13.21	0.35	9.85	10.03	0.18	12.05	12.58	0.53	
		BP-MW-06	-							
Date	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	Depth to	Depth to	LNAPL	
	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	LNAPL	Water	Thickness	
6/30/2012	10.78	10.8	0.02							



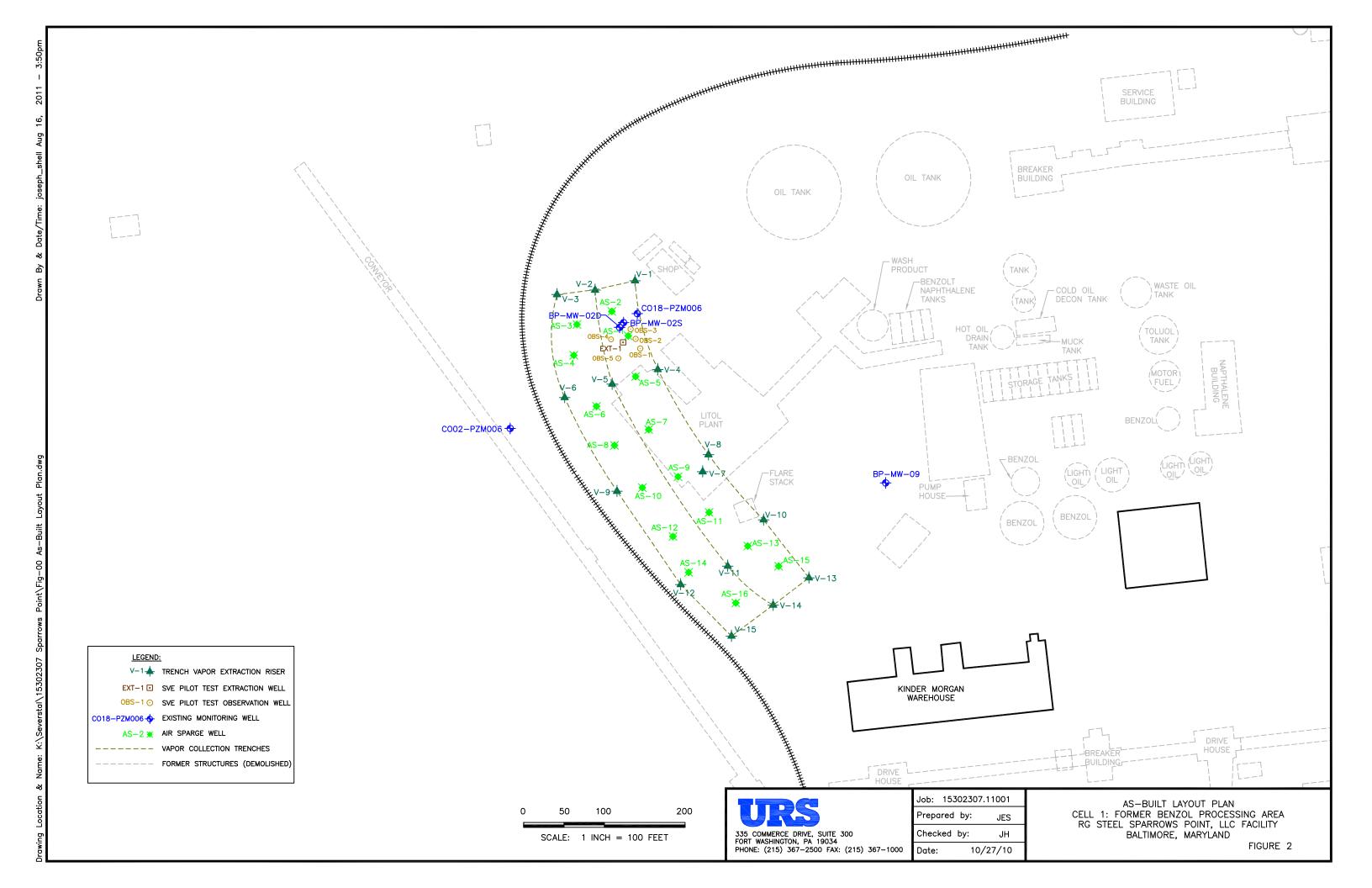
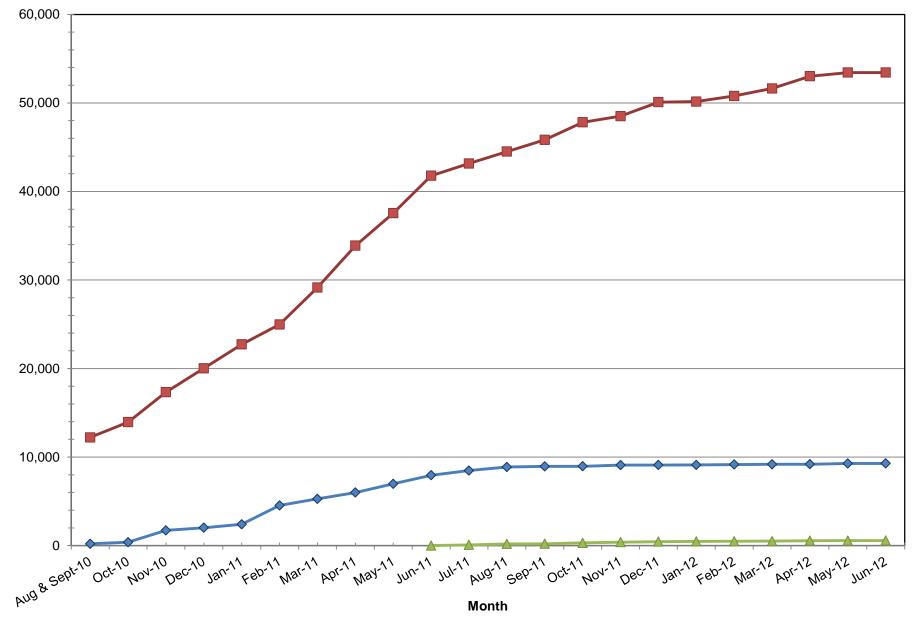


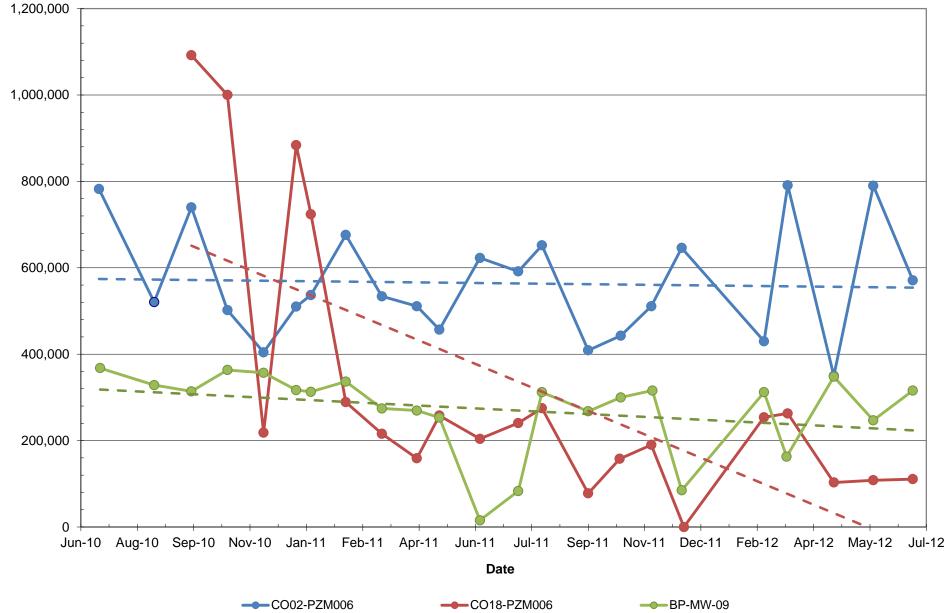
Figure 3 Cumulative Summary of Estimated Hydrocarbon Recovery Former Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial Measures RG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC



Cumulative Hydrocarbon Recovery (lbs)

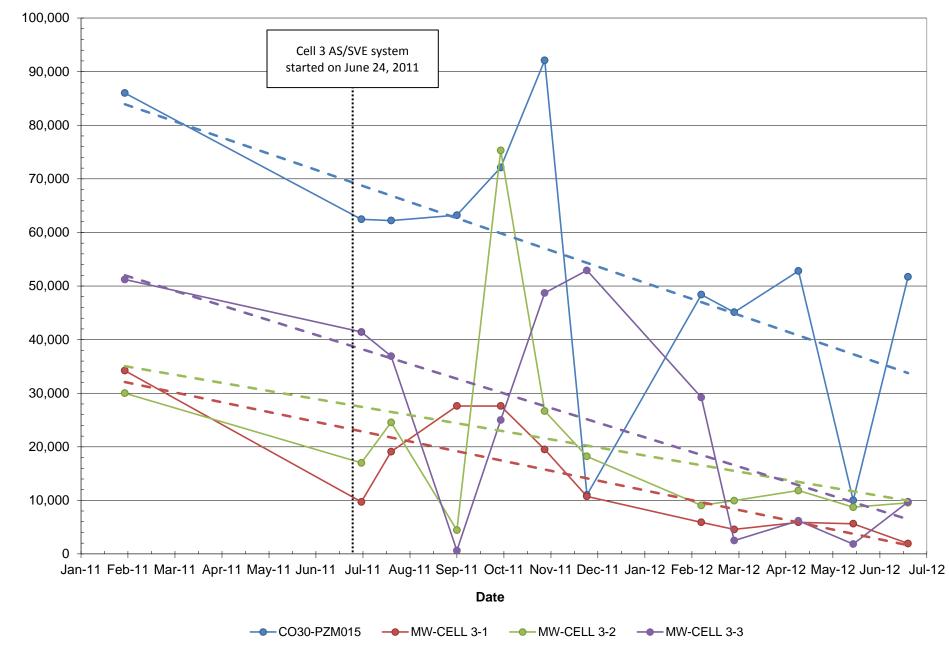
← Cell 1 ← Cell 6 ← Cell 3

Figure 4 Measured Groundwater VOC Concentration by Month Cell 1: Prototype AS/SVE System in the "Cove" Area RG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC



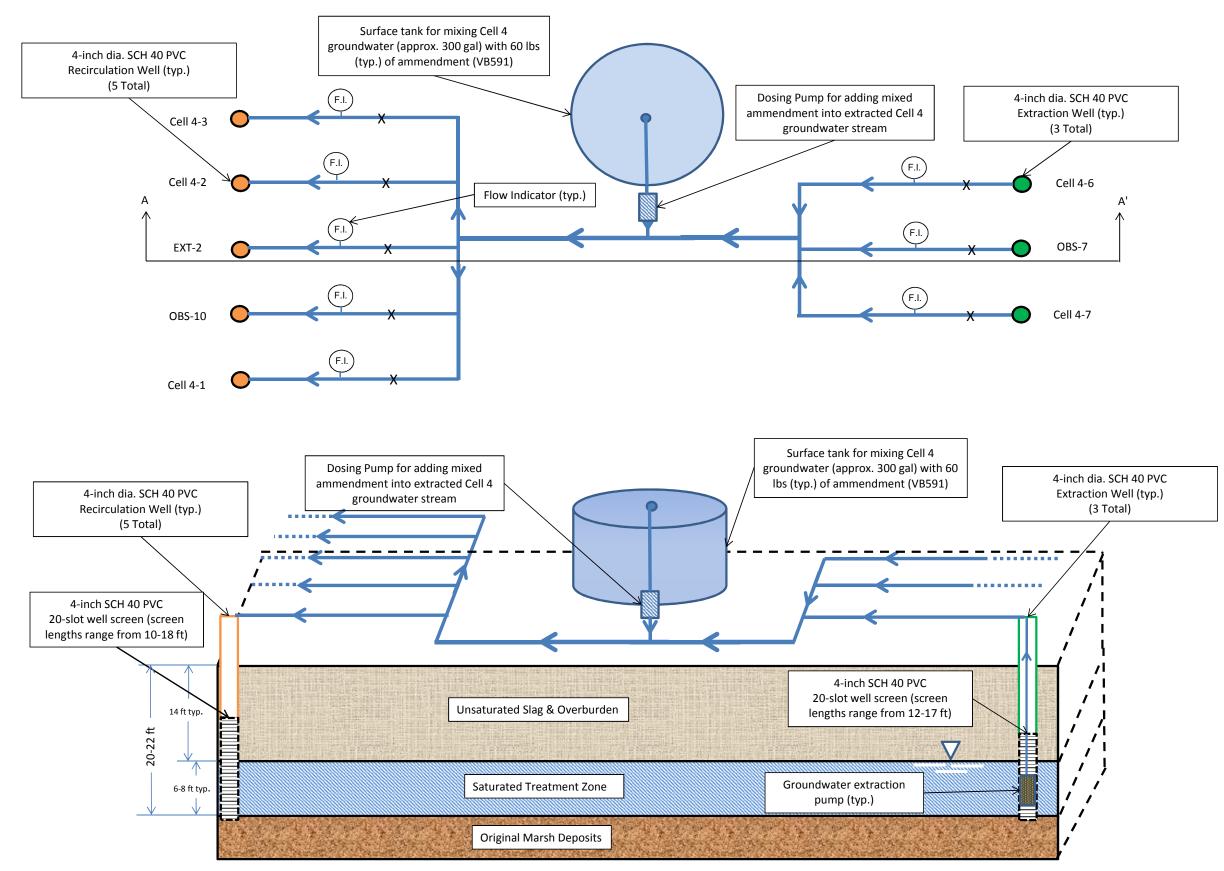
Total VOC (µg/L)

Figure 5 Measured Groundwater VOC Concentration by Month Cell 3: Prototype AS/SVE System in the "Cove" Area RG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC



Total VOC (µg/L)

Figure 6 Schematic Layout and Sections Cell 4 In-Situ Anaerobic Bio-Treatment System Former Coke Oven Area Interim Remedial Measures RG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC



Section A-A' (not to scale)

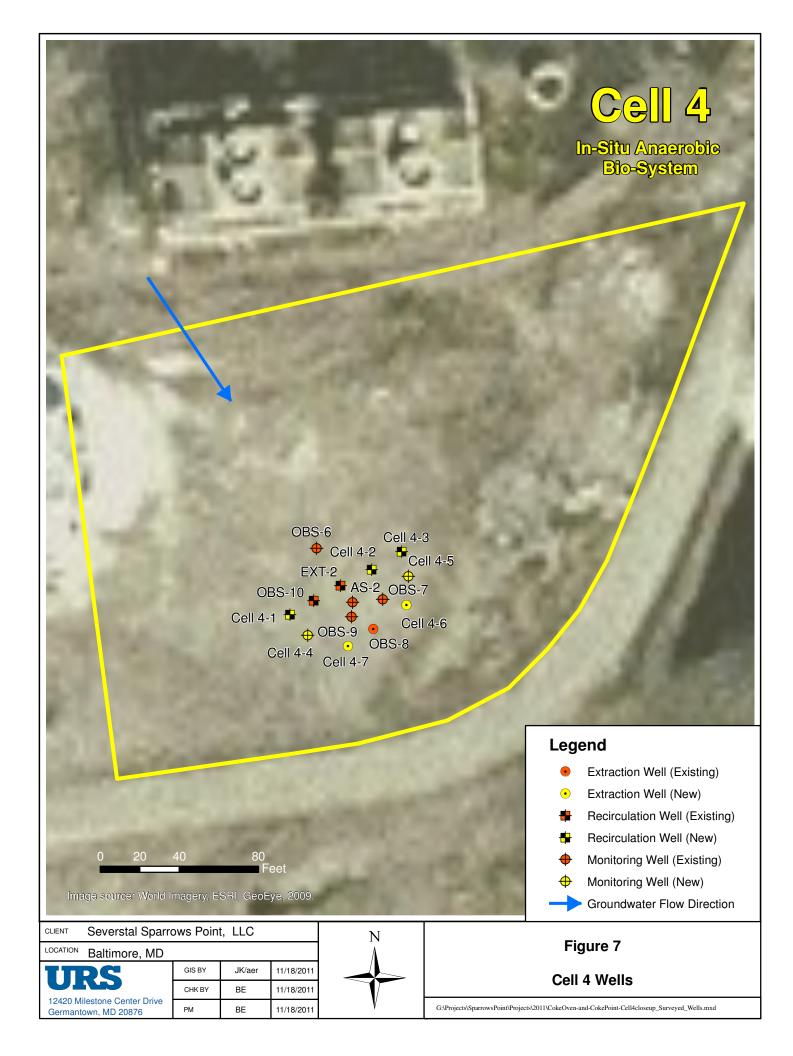
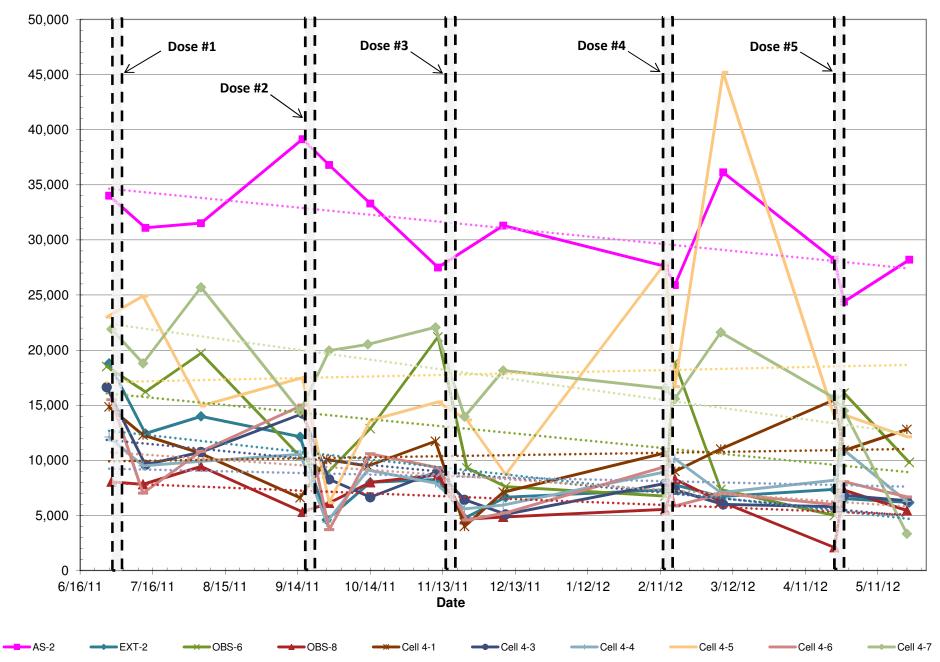


Figure 8 Measured Groundwater VOC Concentration per Month Cell 4: In-Situ Anaerobic Bio-Treatment Area RG Steel Sparrows Point, LLC



Total VOC (µg/L)

	山の一行の一部の	でいたいのでいろう	いたので	The Party of		BP-MW-11		
127			BP-MW-10					
BP-MW RW-5	RW	-3	RW • RW-1	Contraction of the last	W-08	Cell 6 LNAPL Recovery Area		
	BP-M	Ŵ-05 ВF	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
BP-MW 								
C017-P)	*	CO19	-PZM004				
		tin .		LEGEND				
0 50		200		 Recent Recovery Well Maryland Port Admin. Monitoring Well 				
Image source: World	100 Imagery, E	ESRI, Geo[F	eet	Sevent	erstal Sitewide Assessment Monitoring Well PL Boundary Estimated by EASTI (2009)		
CLIENT Sparrows Point				N	Figure 9			
LOCATION Baltimore, MD	GIS BY	JK	10/13/10					
200 Orchard Ridge Drive	СНК ВҮ	BE	10/14/10			PL Monitoring and Recovery Wells		
Gaithersburg, MD 20878	PM	BE	10/14/10	V	G:\Projects\Sparrov	vsPoint\Projects\2010\CokeOven-and-CokePoint-Cell6closeup_rev.mxd		